

# L. T. COOPER TO PROVE HIS FAMOUS THEORIES

Renowned Lecturer and Scientist Will Prove Famous Health Theories—Man Who Electrified Larger Cities to Give People of This Section Benefits of Study and Medicine—Many Thousands are Benefitted.

AS WAS announced in last week's papers, Mr. L. T. Cooper, the millionaire philanthropist who electrified the larger cities of the country with his demonstration of practical philanthropy, health theories and celebrated medicine, Tanlac, has been invited to visit Detroit and other Michigan cities.

Thousands of the most prominent people in St. Louis, Cincinnati, Dallas, Memphis, Atlanta, Birmingham, Louisville, Nashville and even the larger cities of the North and East, where his celebrated medicine has been accomplishing such remarkable results, are even more enthusiastic over Tanlac than Mr. Cooper himself.

It is Mr. Cooper's theory that nine-tenths of the diseases and ill-health of the average person is due to a catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membrane which produces faulty digestion and improper assimilation of the food.

In a recent interview, Mr. Cooper was asked if Tanlac would relieve kidney trouble, liver complaint and a dozen other ailments and in this connection, said:

"As I have repeatedly said, my medicine acts directly on the mucous membrane, stomach and blood, expelling from them the impurities and toxic poisons, and rendering to them a strong, healthy condition.

"I am convinced that the stomach regulates the condition of the blood, and is the fountainhead of health or disease, as the case may be. My medicine is intended primarily for the regulation of the stomach and catarrhal inflammation, but it is no uncommon thing for persons who have used it to come to me and explain that it has relieved them of rheumatism and many other ailments not generally recognized as having their origin in stomach trouble.

"Most of the so-called stomach, liver and kidney troubles," continued Mr. Cooper, "are due almost entirely to a catarrhal inflammation of these organs and it is believed that Tanlac is the first actually direct specific thereof.

"Catarrh of the stomach, liver and kidneys is the most frequent cause of dyspepsia and kidney disorders and a catarrhal condition of the nose and throat often leads to deafness. Frequently the lungs become diseased by the extension of the catarrhal inflammation by way of the bronchial tubes to the lung substance. The mental and physical state of the chronic catarrh sufferers is indeed very unfortunate.

"Tancal has overcome this condition in its most obstinate stages, and the preparation, therefore, must be, as I have always contended, the one great

Temple of Solomon. The Temple of Solomon was begun in the fourth year of his reign (B. C. 1012), and completed seven years later. The whole area was inclosed by the outer walls and formed a square of about 600 feet. The front of the porch was supported by two great brazen pillars. One of these was called Joachin and the other Boaz.

## DON'T WORRY ABOUT PIMPLES

Because Cuticura Quickly Removes Them—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, using plenty of Soap. Keep your skin clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book, Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

It must be tough to be tied for life to a man who insists on wearing off his grouch at home.

## Canadian Farmers Profit From Wheat

The war's devastation of European crops has caused an unusual demand for grain from the American Continent. The people of the world must be fed and wheat near \$2 a bushel offers great profits to the farmer. Canada's invitation is therefore especially attractive. She wants settlers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops.

There is an extra demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. The Government is urging farmers to get extra acreage into grain. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

M. V. MacINNIS  
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.  
Canadian Government Agent

**METZ** Le Veque-Baston Motor Sales Co.  
86 Jeff Ave. STATE DISTRIBUTORS Detroit  
CARS \$685 WRITE FOR CATALOG D.

## YOUNG STOCK MUST BE KEPT ON FARM

Need for Saving Breeders and Feeders Is Great.

### CROPS REDUCE FERTILITY

Cash Crops Craze May Injure Land If Plantfood Is Not Replaced—Live Stock Will Keep Up Richness of Soil.

By GEORGE A. BROWN,

Professor of Beef Husbandry, M. A. C. East Lansing, Mich.—In many sections of the state the extremely high prices prevailing this spring for grain and provender, together with the poor outlook for the hay crop, are causing the sale of considerable numbers of young stock which now, if ever, should be grown out to the fullest extent possible.

The farmer or live stock man in any sort of touch at all with agricultural and market conditions doesn't have to look far for reasons why animals should be kept. In the first place the necessity for increasing our meat supply is urgent, and coupled with this is the additional fact that prospects for a continuation of high prices are never better. And we should bear in mind further that our live stock population is already far too small to insure the maintenance of soil fertility and the production of bountiful crops in the years to come. To appreciate this fully it is only necessary to consider the immense amount of fertility which is sold with the various crops. Realization of this brings home the immense importance of feeding out every animal possible.

The wonderful success which Tanlac has achieved seems almost incredible, as over Seven Million bottles have been sold and distributed since it was placed on the market, something over two years ago, and it is now selling at the phenomenal rate of approximately Five Million bottles per year. One retail firm, the Jacobs Pharmacy Company, of Atlanta, has sold at retail in their eleven Atlanta stores the astonishing total of 64,000 bottles within the past twelve months, breaking all records for the sale of a proprietary medicine in the same length of time.

Memphis dealers and jobbers have sold 208,116 bottles since April, 1916. Texas dealers and jobbers have sold approximately Half a Million bottles within the past six months, and it is now the most widely talked of medicine in the world today.

There is only one explanation for this Nation wide popularity and record breaking demand for Tanlac and that is very simple. The inherent purity and wholesomeness of the medicine has confirmed it in the minds of the people and have made it a household word throughout America.

The leading drug firms of Detroit and other cities in this section are enthusiastic over the wonderful success the preparation is making and in only a few weeks time Tanlac will be placed on sale in every city, town, village and hamlet throughout the state of Michigan.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Sugar for the Babies.

As a sidelight upon the economic suffering caused by the sugar order in the old country, many babies, says the medical officer of health at Luton, Bedfordshire, were suffering from the lack of that fattening ingredient. The inability of the mothers in poor circumstances to make purchases of a character to procure a ten-pound parcel of sugar has suggested to the officer referred to that the council should purchase large quantities of sugar and sell them to such mothers through baby clinics. The suggestion has been put into effect and proved the solution of a problem that was assuming serious proportions.

Woman's Way.

"I see the department stores are going to sell Liberty loan bonds."

"But remember, dear, if you buy one you can't go around the next day and exchange it for something else."

If each member of the congregation was to give the minister his candid opinion of the sermon he would probably resign.

## MUST KILL WEEDS EARLY

Use Up to 400 to 500 Pounds of Water for Each Pound of Dry Matter.

East Lansing, Mich.—The farmer who is looking out for No. 1 this season, or in any season, for that matter, will see to it that weeds in corn and beans are killed before they get a start. Early cultivation, and continuous practice of it throughout the growing season is the remedy, say farm-crops men of the Michigan Agricultural college.

"Weeds," it is said, "are the greatest crop enemies, and it is a mistake to allow them to get up four or five inches before cultivating. The time to hit them hardest is just when they start.

"Soon after planting, with both corn and beans, the field should be gone over with a spike-tooth harrow, teeth standing slightly back. The weeder is an excellent tool for early cultivation, and can be used in corn until the plants are six or eight inches high.

"The first cultivation with the cultivator is usually made when the plants are up high enough so the rows can be easily followed. This cultivation should be close to the plants and fairly deep, though if the seedbed has been properly prepared, deep cultivation is not necessary.

"The next cultivation usually comes within a week or ten days. This cultivation should not be quite so close to the plants, or as deep. Later cultivations, with either corn or beans, should be shallow—merely deep enough to dislodge the developing weeds and keep the ground in loose condition.

After about 35 days' growth, the roots of corn or bean plants completely interlace between the rows and come to within about two inches of the surface. These surface roots are the chief feeding roots of the plant, and deep cultivation will cause a considerable loss in yield by pruning them. Level and shallow cultivation is the best, and the use of small shovels, or small cultivators equipped with blades or sweeps is advised. Deep cultivation is particularly the practice of "laying by". Cultivating deeply at the last cultivation and throwing the earth from the middle of the rows should be avoided."

## FIRST DRAFT FOR REGULARS

New Army Not to Be Formed Till Regulars Are At War Strength.

Washington—The first draft of the army to be drawn by selective conscription will be used to bring the regular army up to war strength.

The second draft will be used to fill the ranks of the National Guards.

The third and largest army of 625,000 which will go into training September 1 to prepare for European service; total to be drafted this year, 725,000.

Decision to utilize the first men drawn by conscription for the regular army means that these men will not be sent to training camps in their own localities for training with men from their own neighborhoods.

Men drawn for the regulars and the guardsmen probably will be sent to France before the men drawn for the national army are sent abroad.

Farmers are not exempt from military service. Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder reiterated that only "indispensable men" in any industry will be exempted.

It was intimated that drafting would be delayed until the first week in July.

## TWO DIE WHEN AUTO UPSETS

Sandy Stretch Near Pontiac Causes Another Fatal Accident.

Pontiac—Stanley McLain, 25 years old, and Clifford Wooster, 27, were killed probably instantly at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon at Five Points, about four miles from Pontiac on the Rochester road, when their car overturned in the sand and crushed them beneath it.

Both were dead when the machine was lifted off by farmers. Both men were residents of Pontiac. Wooster, a cripple, having but one arm and part of the other hand. Apparently Wooster was driving. The bodies were brought to Coroner Farmer's morgue.

This is the third accident in the same neighborhood within a few days. Last Friday John Holomony and daughter, of Delray, were killed there and Sunday afternoon a large touring car belonging to J. T. Kauffman, of Lima, O., upset and three men narrowly escaped death. Kauffman was cited on a charge of reckless driving.

## MOVING DAY AHEAD FOR BEES

New Law Abolishes Old Crossed-Comb Frame and Box Hives.

East Lansing, Mich.—The old box hive, and crossed-frame hives, which progressive bee men have so long ranged against, are headed for the junk heap, for a new law which was passed by the last legislature and which just recently was signed by the governor, makes the use of these relics a penal act. After May 1 the state inspector of apiaries will be privileged to order the destruction of every one he finds. Accordingly there is every prospect there will before long be a general moving day for honey gatherers in those communities where bees are still kept in the old-fashioned way.

The new act was passed in the interest of greater food production, for the box hive containing crooked combs, have always been unproductive, because in such hives it is impossible to examine and manipulate the brood chambers. Good beekeeping, it is explained by the state inspector of apiaries at the college, requires that every part of the hive shall be accessible to make it possible to determine at all times the condition of the colony.

By the time the new law becomes operative, bees now in old hives must be transferred to new. Methods for making the transfer are explained in a bulletin which may be had by beekeepers if they will write in to the state inspector of apiaries at the college.

## PRICE OF STEEL AND COAL IS SET BY U.S.

MILLS AND MINES TOLD TRADE COMMISSION WILL SET PRICE TO BE PAID.

### STEEL PRICE CUT 40 PER CENT

Contracts for Ship Construction Made at \$95 a Ton Reduced to \$56 By Government.

Washington—Secretary of the Navy Daniels has ordered coal and oil producers to supply the enormous quantities needed by the navy at prices to be fixed later by the president when the Federal Trade commission has determined a fair rate.

The tentative price of \$56 a ton for steel was obtained by the government for the great fleet of merchant ships to be built by the shipping board's emergency fleet corporation. Previous contracts, let before congress gave power to the president to command supplies, called for steel at \$95.

### Coal Price Set at \$2.33.

The navy will use 1,750,000 tons of coal and 50,000,000 barrels of oil purchased under the application of the authority granted by congress.

Secretary Daniels said that the coal operators proposed to furnish navy coal at a rate of \$2.95 a ton at the mine. The navy has been paying \$2.88 a ton delivered. The secretary directed the companies to ship immediately the orders being pro-rated among the producers, agreeing to pay a tentative price of \$2.33 at the mines pending a report from the federal trade commission.

## HISTORIC COMB

A tortoise shell comb, worn by the wife of Marshal Bertrand, who accompanied Napoleon to St. Helena, was donated to the New York Committee of the Fatherless Children of France.

The proceeds from its sale will be used in the pledge this organization has made in honor of Marshal Joffre's recent visit to find foster parents for 5,000 French orphans. These are the boys and girls of soldiers in Marshal Joffre's own command.

Miss Luistio Leland, chairman of the New York committee, received the old-fashioned hair comb by express. It came from the collection of Napoleon's souvenirs made by Major S. Taylor, who brought it several years ago from St. Helena. Accompanying the gift was a letter suggesting that it be sold for the Joffre tribute.

## Origin of Loving Cup.

The loving cup found the inspiration of its origin in the wild times when every man's hand was raised against his neighbor. Margaret Atheling, wife of Malcolm of Canmore, king of Scotland, in order to induce Scots to remain for the closing grace, caused a cup of the choicest wine to be passed around immediately after it had been said. The ceremony, common at all banquets, of rising and bowing to the guest on your right, he holding the cover of the loving cup with his right hand the while you drank, is a survival of the days when he who drank was glad to have the assurance that the right hand of his neighbor did not hold a dagger.

## LIVING CHEAP IN BURMA.

Burma must be an inexpensive country in which to keep house. The homes of the people are arranged in a very "simple life" style. Beds are unknown; mats are used to sleep on, with a rug perhaps. Chairs are unknown, for the easterner prefers to sit on his haunches. They cook their food in a box-shaped article, with fuel underneath and on the top. The utensils are earthen pots, and they eat from little bowls, sometimes with chopsticks, with a spoon, or with the prehistoric knife and fork, i. e., fingers.

## DETROIT MARKETS.

CATTLE—Best Steers	12.00	@ 11.50
Mixed Steers	10.25	@ 11.50
Light Butchers	9.50	@ 10.00
Best Cows	9.00	@ 9.75
Common Cows	7.00	@ 7.25
Best Heavy Butts	9.50	@ 9.75
Stock Butts	7.00	@ 8.50
CALVES—Best	15.00	@ 15.50
Common	8.00	@ 13.00
HOGS—Best	15.00	@ 15.75
Pigs	14.00	@ 14.25
SHEEP—Common	6.00	@ 8.50
Fair to good	9.50	@ 10.00
LAMBS—Best	14.75	@ 15.00
Light to Common	8.50	@ 12.50
DRESSED HOGS	.18	@ .19
DRESSED CALVES	.17	@ .18
Fancy	.20	@ .21
LIVE POULTRY—(Lb.)		
Broilers	.26	@ .37
No. 1 Hens	.23	
Small Hens	.21	@ .22
Ducks	.22	@ .23
Geese	.15	@ .16
Turkeys	.24	@ .25
CLOVER SEED	10.00	
TIMOTHY SEED	3.40	
WHEAT	2.65	@ 2.70
CORN	1.73	@ 1.75
OATS	.70	@ .72
RYE	2.30	
BEANS	9.00	
HAY—No. 1 Tim.	17.50	@ 18.00
Light Mixed	16.50	@ 17.00
No. 1 Clover	13.50	@ 14.00
POTATOES—(New)	4.00	
BUTTER—(Dairy)	.33	
Creamery (extra)	.37	
EGGS	.31	

## 457 SHIPS SUNK IN 4 MONTHS

This Comprises British Loss—Does Not Include Other Nations.

Washington—The German submarine toll of British merchant shipping since February 17, as shown in official British figures compiled here Monday, is 322 vessels of more than 1,600 tons and 135 of less than 1,600.

British steam fishing vessels sunk in that period numbered 782. Records for sailing fishing vessels are incomplete.

Submarines in the period given attacked 299 ships unsuccessfully and the weekly percentage of unsuccessful attacks has ranged from 51 to 75.

Arrivals and sailings in British ports since the intensive submarine campaign began have averaged about 2,500, but these include channel sailings.

The total loss during slightly less than four months' submarine warfare is estimated to reach 1,745,000 tons, or about 250,000 tons less than the entire world's shipping output during 1916.

## RAGUSA IS PLEASING TO EYE

Dalmatia's Chief City, Picture in Whites and Grays, Has Appearance of Being Finished.

RAGUSA illustrates, in striking fashion, that sometimes elusive difference in the looks of American and European cities. Usually the differences can be felt, when you look at a European town from a nearby vantage point and think of American towns that you have looked down on from some similar eminence; but often one cannot put his finger on just what this difference is. As you look at Ragusa from the slopes of the hills inland, it comes to you that the elusive distinction consists in the fact that the American city is growing, youthful, in the process of becoming, while the European city is finished, grown, mature—it has taken on its final form. You look at it and you can say, "This is Ragusa, as it is and was and will be."

When you get a birdseye view of an American town you wonder what it will look like in 20 years.

More strongly than any other city that comes to mind, Ragusa makes this effect of being finished and complete, says a writer in the Kansas City Journal. It may endure, but it will not change. It lies on a narrow peninsula, so narrow at the neck that it is almost an island, and it fills its peninsula close to the uttermost edge. A wall and a ring of towers close it in like the frame of a picture. Within the towers lies the city, a picture in whites and grays, in graceful lines and close, irregular checkerwork of roofs and spires. It cannot grow, and there seems no need for growth. It is sufficient and satisfactory.

Ragusa is the chief city of Dalmatia, that peculiar Austrian province which is neither Austrian nor Italian nor oriental nor Levantine, but has about it a little of them all, strongly flavored by its own original character.

## Historic Comb.

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## LIVING CHEAP IN BURMA.

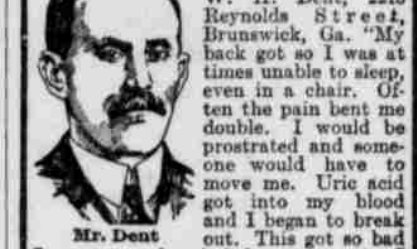
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## "Doans Saved My Life"

"I Had Given Up Hope" Says Mr. Dent, "But Doan's Kidney Pills Cured Me Permanently."



"My kidney trouble began with back-ache, which run on about a year," says W. H. Dent, 2213 Reynolds Street, Brunswick, Ga. "My back got so I was at times unable to sleep, even in a chair. Often the pain bent me double. I would be prostrated and someone would have to move me. Uric acid got into my blood and I began to break out. This got so bad I went to a hospital for treatment. I stayed there three months, but got but little better. Dropsy set in and I bled until nearly half again my size. My knees were so swollen the flesh burst in strips. I lay there panting, and just about able to catch my breath. I had five doctors; each one said it was impossible for me to live.

"I hadn't taken Doan's Kidney Pills long before I began to feel better. I kept on and was soon able to get up. The swelling gradually went away and when I had used eleven boxes I was completely cured. I have never had a bit of trouble since. I owe my life and my health to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies, mosquitos, houseflies, etc.

Harold Somers, 150 E. Kalamazoo Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Appearances Are Deceiving.

Wife—Don't you think a great, big, tall, married man ought to be taken into the army just the same as any body else?

Hub—My dear, he only looks tall; as a matter of fact, he is probably short.—Judge.

## The High Cost of Living and How to Reduce It—see ad on this page.—Adv.

Many a man's wit is sharpened on the grindstone of poverty.

## Countless Women find—

that when suffering from nervousness, sick headache, dizzy spells and ailments peculiar to their sex—nothing affords such prompt and welcome relief, as will follow a few doses of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

A proven women's remedy, which assists in regulating the organs, and re-establishing healthy conditions. Beecham's Pills contain no habit-forming drug—leave no disagreeable after-effects. They are—